BUSTING **TAX CREDITS** IN THE EITC/OSTC PROGRAM

EDUCATION VOTERS of Pennsylvania

Myth busting the \$190 million private and religious school scholarship tax credits in the EITC/OSTC programs

> Lots of \$\$\$ with no fiscal or academic performance accountability

The **Educational Improvement Tax Credit** (EITC) program allows businesses to receive a 75%-90% credit on their state income tax for contributions they make to any of the following three organizations: approved scholarship organizations that provide scholarships to students to attend private/religious schools, educational improvement organizations, and pre-k scholarship organizations.

The **Opportunity Scholarship Tax Credit** (OSTC) program grants a 75%-90% state tax credit to businesses that make contributions to approved scholarship organizations that provide scholarships to students who live in the attendance boundaries of a low-achieving school, as determined by the Pennsylvania Department of Education, to attend private/religious schools.



The EITC/OSTC tax credit programs do not impact the state budget.

FACT #1

Because the EITC/OSTC programs divert tax dollars from the general fund budget and into private organizations, in 2018-2019 **the EITC/OSTC programs reduced funding available for PA's general fund budget by \$240 million with \$190 million being used for private/religious school vouchers**.

The actual breakdown of current funding goes like this...

- EITC scholarship organizations for private/religious schools: \$135 million
- Educational improvement organizations: \$37.5 million
- Pre-K scholarship organizations: \$12.5 million
- OSTC scholarship organizations for private/religious schools: \$55 million

MYTH #2

FACT #2

Businesses receive no benefit for the charitable "donations" they make to scholarship organizations through EITC/OSTC Businesses that participate in the EITC/OSTC programs receive a 75%-90% credit on their state tax bills in return for their contributions to qualified organizations.

Additional "perks" for businesses...

Businesses can also take state and federal tax deductions for a "charitable" contribution, amounting to a "triple dip" tax reduction. Many businesses that participate in this program pay little. Some may even reap a tax benefit that is MORE than their contribution.

Source: Individuals, Not Corporations, Pick Up the Tax Tab for EITC Scholarships. Pennsylvania Budget and Policy Center. June 25, 2012.



The EITC/OSTC programs are designed to provide increased educational opportunities for children in poverty.

FACT #3

Scholarships may be awarded to children from families that make up to \$90,000 plus \$15,270 for each dependent member of the household—that is more than \$120,000 for a family of four.

But wait...there's more:

Beyond that, PA law explicitly prohibits the collection of data about the socio-economic characteristics of scholarship recipients and their families. As a result, there is no data that demonstrates whether or not significant numbers of students living in poverty receive EITC/OSTC scholarships.

State law explicitly prohibits the collection of information that would demonstrate whether or not the EITC/OSTC programs benefit children in poverty or help students in low-achieving schools attend higher achieving schools.

MYTH #4 The EITC/OSTC programs increase school choice for students.

FACT #4

Private/religious schools choose which students they will enroll and are not required to admit all students. Students only have increased school choice if a private school chooses to allow them to enroll.

Yes, you heard that right...

Private/religious schools that receive taxpayer funding through the EITC/OSTC programs may refuse to enroll students for many reasons including their religious affiliation, disability, and discipline or academic history.



EITC/OSTC voucher programs are designed to benefit children who attend lowachieving schools by providing them with scholarships to private schools.

FACT #5

Scholarship organizations may use EITC/OSTC dollars to provide scholarships to students who are ALREADY attending private/religious schools.

When it's not enough to hope for the best...

There is no requirement in the law that EITC contributions be used to provide scholarships to students currently attending a low-achieving school. PA law explicitly prohibits the collection of data that would provide information demonstrating the number of students from low-achieving schools who receive tuition scholarships to attend a private school. As a result, it is impossible to know how many students have moved from low-achieving schools into private/religious schools as a result of these programs.

MYTH #6

The EITC/OSTC programs contribute to improved student achievement in Pennsylvania.

FACT #6

No data exists to demonstrate the positive or negative impact of the EITC/OSTC programs on student achievement.

Despite what you might think...

PA law explicitly prohibits the collection of any information about the academic progress of students who receive EITC/OSTC scholarships. In addition, students who receive these scholarships do not have to take standardized tests like their counterparts in public school districts and charter schools.



All communities in PA benefit equally from the EITC/OSTC voucher programs.

FACT #7

Many communities throughout the Commonwealth receive very little or no benefit from this private/religious school scholarship program, yet every community is impacted by the loss of \$210million tax dollars from the state budget that flow into the EITC/OSTC programs.

Only PA's public schools are open to every child in and accountable to the taxpayers who fund them.

MYTH #8

PA law requires transparency and oversight over the \$240 million that flow through the EITC/OSTC scholarship programs each year.

FACT #8

The EITC/OSTC law was written to explicitly prohibit the collection of information about how EITC/OSTC dollars are spent and about the academic outcomes of students who receive private/religious school scholarships through these programs.

In addition...

Scholarship organizations are allowed to keep 20% of the funding they receive from businesses (\$42 million annually) and are not required to report how they spend it. For comparison, in Florida, which has a similar tax credit program, scholarship organizations are allowed to keep just 3% of the funding they receive.

